

Specification Amendments:

1. Kindly amend paragraph [0001] to read as follows:

[0001] ~~The plaque~~ Plaque which adheres to ~~the tooth surface~~ surfaces and periodontal tissues provides a breeding ground for bacteria which cause tooth decay and pyorrhea, the causes for ~~the tooth~~ loss ~~of teeth~~. The present invention is directed to an oral cleaning device optimum for controlling plaque between adjacent teeth, a particular cause of periodontal disease, a mascara brush used for making up eyelashes (cilia), and the like, as well as a ~~small-size~~ small-size, twisted brush optimum for cleaning or polishing a curved ~~complicated-shaped~~ small-diameter pipe of complicated shape or the like.

2. Kindly amend paragraph [0002] to read as follows:

[0002] In general, the two major diseases causing the loss of teeth are caries and pyorrhea; in particular, ~~for~~ cases of gingival recession due to periodontal disease are not susceptible to interdental plaque control by a common toothbrush, resulting in the need for extensive use of an oral cleaning device such as an interdental brush. A typical cleaning device, an interdental brush, is a twisted brush with nylon bristles arranged concentrically around a twisted metal filament, but these types have been plagued with numerous problems which limit their ~~habitual~~ widespread adoption for oral care: when the tip ~~{of of the brush}~~ hits brush hits the gum during an interdental insertion, it often injures the gum; it causes a discomfort when the metal tip touches the tooth; and repeated use during cleaning causes a high ~~of~~ breakage of the twisted metal filament due to metal fatigue. When a cleaning is performed between three-dimensionally ~~concave~~ concave, complicated teeth, such as in a root branching site, the metal which constitutes the interdental brush stem not only resists insertion, causing problems, but also suffers from the risk of leaving ~~un-cleaned~~ uncleaned sections, if the cleaning brush is pre-

curved to accommodate its insertion. The use of a shape memory nickel titanium alloy is conceivable for avoiding this problem, but ~~If~~ if a shaping method similar to that used for a twisted brush is involved, the de-twisting of the metal filament will end up causing nylon bristles to fall out. Therefore, resin materials have been studied as materials to constitute the stem; but, since the interdental brush requires the brush section to penetrate through a 0.8 mm diameter space for cleaning interdentally, it has been difficult to injection mold so as to insert nylon bristles into a resin material of this diameter. Other methods include electrostatically implanting nylon piles in the radial direction into a shape memory metal filament rod or a resin filament rod, but it is necessary for the diameter of the stem for penetration of the brush section into a 0.8 mm diameter space to be about 0.4 mm or less. It has been difficult to uniformly implant nylon bristles about 2mm to about 4mm in total length into a filament rod of this diameter and, in addition, to find an adhesive with no biological hazard so as to prevent the loss of bristles. Applications for such small twisted brushes also ~~includes~~ include cosmetic tools such as cosmetic mascara brushes and the like, where basically the stem material has been a metal material.

3. Kindly amend paragraph [0003] to read as follows:

[0003] In addition, this type of twisted shape brush is also used for polishing or cleaning various pipe-shaped items, but use in a complex curved section gave no choice but to connect a supply material to the handle, if the handle is made of metal, because the depth of penetration was limited.

4. Kindly amend paragraph [0005] to read as follows:

[0005] As described above, interdental plaque control is very useful. It is ~~an~~ an object of the present ~~invention~~ invention to replace the conventional metal stem material with a material that gives an ~~image~~ idea of a soft sensation for providing an interdental auxiliary cleaning device, which, when used to insert the interdental cleaning device between ~~drum~~saddle-shaped drum, saddle-shaped teeth for interdental oral cleaning, will not injure the gum with the tip of the cleaner of the core portion, which permits easy insertion without causing pain or discomfort simultaneously, which permits insertion with no resistance between teeth having restriction in the insertion direction, like a maze or having a complicated root shape, which maintains straightenability without any permanent deformation when the stem section is bent, which allows close fitting to the three-dimensional interdental configuration so as to leave no uncleaned sections in the root interstices, which causes little discomfort when coming into contact with the tooth or the gum during the cleaning operation, and which undergoes minimal breakdown upon repeated bending; and also for use in a cosmetic mascara brush without fear when used near the eyeball.

5. Kindly amend paragraph [0007] to read as follows:

[0007] In general, ~~small-size~~ small-size twisted brushes used for interdental brushes and the like require twisting a stainless filament or like metal which constitutes the stem portion, thereby clamping nylon bristles in place. The present invention, in order to replace the conventional interdental brush stem with a resin material having both optimum suppleness and straightenability (shape recovery), involves, as in the case of a conventional metal interdental brush manufacturing step, the clamping of nylon bristles in a perpendicular direction between two pieces of resin material and twisting one end, while holding the other, thereby clamping and generating a twisted brush using a resin material. However, it is difficult for the stem resin

material to maintain its twisted configuration, and also to provide suppleness and shape recoverability, such as straightenability and the like, which are the desired properties of the initial objective. Therefore, ~~{the the present invention is}~~ is directed to a small-diameter resin twisted brush constructed by arraying two pieces of resin filament material and thermally fusible resin filaments in parallel thereto, heat-treating at any stage before, during or after a step of clamping radially-projecting filaments in the stem filaments rods and twisting so as to form a twisted brush shape, thereby melting only the thermally fusible resin to mutually fuse the two pieces of resin material themselves that form a stem member with the radially-projecting filaments such as nylon bristles, and fuse-fixating the de-twisting stress of the stem member resin materials, so that the brush can maintain the twisted brush configuration with the radially-projecting filaments clamped, preventing the bristles from falling out.

6. Kindly amend paragraph [0009] to read as follows:

[0009] The small-diameter resin twisted brush ~~as set forth in Claims 1 to 5~~ reduces any fear when used near the eyeball as in a mascara brush because the stem is not made of metal as in the case of conventional twisted brushes; there is neither any discomfort due to a galvanic electric current between the saliva and the metal when used orally nor worry of metal-induced allergy when used for a long period of time.

7. Kindly amend paragraph [0012] to read as follows:

[0012] The nylon bristles referred to here may not be limited to resin materials, but may be a metal material; the resin material may occlude or be bound with polishing particles, permitting one to make up a twisted brush with a high polishing capability according to the conditions of the polishing and cleaning objectives, while the stem maintains shape recovery or suppleness.

8. Kindly amend paragraph [0014] to read as follows:

[0014] Figure 2 shows the B-B' cut in the stem direction of Figure 1.

9. Kindly amend paragraph [0017] to read as follows:

[0017] Figure 5 is a cross-section in the stem direction showing the way the thermally fusible resin has melted and bonded by super ~~{sie}~~ heating while a twisted brush with radially-projecting resin filaments is formed and held by holding the stem tip while twisting the ~~stem~~ stem rear end.

10. Kindly amend paragraph [0020] to read as follows:

[0020] Figure 8 is a cross-section in the stem direction showing the way the thermally fusible resin has melted and bonded by super ~~{sie}~~ heating while a twisted brush with radially-projecting resin filaments is formed and held by holding the stem tip of the thermally fusible resin-coated resin filament rods while twisting the stem rear end.

11. Kindly amend paragraph [0026] to read as follows:

[0026] As shown in Figure 1, multiple₁ radially-projecting resin filaments 1 are arrayed, parallel to one another, and clamped by, stem resin filament rods 2 with thermally fusible resin filament rods 3 parallel thereto. Figure 2 shows the way the assembly is viewed from the stem direction. In this condition, twisting by holding the ~~stem~~ stem tip portion 4 and tip rear end 5 causes the radially-projecting resin filaments 1 to become helically oriented around the stem as the center axis of a concentric circle, as shown in Figure 3, giving rise to a twisted brush shape. Heat treating the entire assembly₁ while the above state is maintained₁ melts only the thermally fusible resin filament rods 3₁ as in Figure 4, thereby fusing each of the radially-projecting ~~Resin~~ resin

filaments 1, which constitute the bristles, with the two or more resin filament rods 2, generating a small-diameter resin twisted brush as shown in Figure 5 which maintains a twisted brush shape, which prevents the bristles from falling out, prevents the resin filament rods that constitute the twisted stem portion from detwisting, and which has helical bristles. In this case, the timing for the heat treatment may be during or before the twisting step. In order to shorten the time required to retain each twisted brush of the stem tip 4 and stem rear end 5 until the heat treated thermally fusible resin filament rods 3 have cooled and solidified, any number of twisted brush ~~{units}~~ units may have the radially-projecting resin filaments positioned at fixed intervals flanked by sections lacking stem bristles, (Fig. 6), and then be twisted and heat treated, thereby permitting production efficiency to be enhanced.

12. Kindly amend paragraph [0029] to read as follows:

[0029] The resultant small-diameter resin twisted brush, ~~when~~ may be used by connecting it to the motion shaft of an electrical interdental cleaning device that generates a sliding motion, a rotating motion, or a rotary-sliding motion as in Japanese Patent Applications 2000-380686 and 2001-230207 or in a manual interdental cleaning device. ~~{the sentence incomplete.}~~ Incidentally, the small-diameter resin twisted brush of this invention is not limited to the above manufacturing steps and embodiments so that a variety of modifications may obviously be made within the scope not deviating from the gist of the present invention, as for the resin rods used for the stem, the number of the thermally fusible resin filament rods, the materials and array conditions of the radially-projecting resin filaments (in terms of arrays in a bundled state or the array intervals), the inclusion of polishing particles, use of metal, and the like.

13. Kindly amend paragraph [0030] to read as follows:

[0030] The small-diameter resin twisted brush of this invention, which does not use metal in the stem section, will be free of any discomfort due to a galvanic current between the saliva and metal ~~nor is any~~ , and raises no concern about metal-induced allergy, when used as an oral cleaning device, as an interdental brush for control of the plaque between teeth which can cause periodontal disease; and while structurally it is the same as a conventional twisted tooth brush, the ~~stem~~ stem is provided with enough suppleness, maintains straightenability (shape recoverability) immediately after use in a bent or deformed situation, and suffers only rarely stress fatigue due to repetitious use; thereby there is less chance of breakage, giving rise to a highly durable interdental brush. These ~~feature~~ features may be taken advantage of and suitably used as a tip brush for connection to the motion shaft of an electrical interdental cleaning device that generate a sliding motion, a rotating motion, or rotary-sliding motion as in Japanese Patent Applications 2000-380686 and 2001-230207. Furthermore, this metal-free twisted brush permits a cleaning, polishing, or coating operation of a complicated shape site which has been difficult for a conventional metal twisted brush, by making it possible not only to take advantage of the characteristics of the resin stem section, but also to reach a further deeper penetration depth than a conventional metal twist brush, which permits cleaning and polishing operations for parts such as machine parts with a ~~complicates~~ complicated shape that have been impossible to clean, leaving no uncleaned ~~comers~~ corners.

14. Kindly amend paragraph [0031] to read as follows:

[0031] Unlike a metal twisted brush with the hard sensation ~~image~~ appearance of metal, the resin soft sensation reduces fear and thus provides comfort when used in front of the eye such as a for a mascara brush used for an eyelash cosmetic.